St. Andrews Scots Sr. Sec. School

9th Avenue, I.P. Extension, Patparganj, Delhi – 110092 Session: 2025-2026 - Worksheet

Class: VI	Subject: Maths	Topic: Fractions	Worksheet No:09
-----------	-----------------------	-------------------------	-----------------

Multiple Choice Questions
Q1. The fraction representing the shaded portion is
(a) $\frac{1}{4}$
(b) $\frac{2}{4}$
(c) $\frac{1}{2}$
(d) $\frac{3}{4}$
Q2. Which of the following is a proper fraction? (a) $\frac{3}{4}$ (b) $\frac{5}{4}$ (c) $\frac{3}{8}$ (d) $\frac{2}{4}$
Q3. If the numerator and denominator of a fraction are equal, then the fraction: (a) is equal to 1 (b) is less to 1 (c) is equal to 0 (d) is greater than 1
Q4. A fraction whose denominator is greater than its numerator is called a: (a) proper fraction (b) improper fraction (c) unit fraction (d) none of the above
Q5. $5\frac{3}{4}$ (a) $\frac{33}{4}$
(b) $\frac{23}{4}$
$(c)\frac{60}{4}$
(d) none of the above
Q6. Fractions with different denominators are called fractions.

Q7. For the subtraction of unlike fractions, we first convert them into like fractions and then subtract.
(a) True (b) False
Q8. A fraction with numerator 1 is called a (a) mixed number (b) proper fraction (c) unit fraction (d) like fraction
Q9. The simplest form of equivalent fraction is always equal to each other.(a) True(b) False
Q10. The largest of the fractions 4/5, 4/7, 4/9, 4/11 is: (a) 4/5 (b) 4/7 (c) 4/9 (d) 4/11

(a) like(b) unit(c) unlike

(d) none of the above